

Guide questions for the institutional expert interviews (ministries and agencies)

1. How would you assess in terms of institutional/legislative performance the current fast-response capacity for crisis situations if an outbreak of vector/mosquito born diseases arise?
2. How/where would you place the role of an effective public mosquito and mosquito borne diseases (M&MBD) monitoring and control system?
3. Can you identify within the past and the present strategies a clear concern for the public health linked to the vector born diseases?
4. How would you rate the impact of vector/mosquito born diseases on medium and long term over:
 - a. the income from tourism,
 - b. the general national economic performance
 - c. public expenditure on health services/system
5. In your view, the M&MBD monitoring and control system, should be:
 - a. Entirely publicly supported/financed;
 - b. A Public-Private-Partnership with clearly defined shares for partners (please indicate gross estimated shares, if possible);
 - c. Completely privately supported/financed with state/public control
6. Could you identify and eventually describe the specific efforts in your institution and generally within the public system, for the implementation and efficient use of a sustainable M&MBD monitoring and control system?
 - a. Own structure/institution _____
 - b. Public system _____
7. With regard to the M&MBD monitoring and control system and its implementation with the participation of your institution/structure, could you identify and spot an internal priority order and rank of the following:
 - a. System critical points (read – essential);
 - b. Structural issues – need for change;
 - c. Management issues (at any level, related to effectiveness of implementation);
 - d. Regulatory framework elements;
 - e. Overall capacity building needs
8. Could you assess the positive impact of a M&MBD sustainable monitoring and control system over your structure’s participation to the system in terms of:
 - a. Increased public visibility _____
 - b. Effectiveness and efficiency of interventions (costs included)

 - c. Reduced public expenditure for risk situations and public health on medium and long term _____

Where assessment is required a scale from 1-10 can be used, or shares of total if appropriate. The advice is to use similar scales over the entire interview for a better understanding of the answers. Leave room for interpretations of the interviewed and take notes if possible. Aspects might become relevant for the analysis when explained in detail.